NAME: SIGNATURE:	
DATE:	

Total credit:

Justify your answers!

- 1. Write the rational function $f(x) = \frac{3x^2 + 2x}{x+1}$ as a sum of a polynomial and a rational function whose numerator is of lower degree than the denominator.

 Credit:
- **2.** Find a primitive function to the function $f(x) = \frac{3x-2}{x^2}$. Credit:
- 3. Calculate $\int \sqrt{2x+5} \, dx$. Credit:
- **4.** Calculate the area of the plane figure bounded by the curves given: $y = 4 x^2$, y = 0.
- **5.** Compute the volume of the solid of revolution formed by rotating of a plane figure bounded by the following curves: y = 0, x = 4, $y = 2\sqrt{x}$, rotating is about the x-axis.

 Credit:
- **6.** Sketch the domain of the function $f(x,y) = \sqrt{x-1} + \sqrt{y+2}$. Credit:
- 7. Calculate $\frac{\partial f(x,y)}{\partial y}$ for the function $f(x,y) = (x^2 + y)e^{-xy}$. Credit:
- **8.** Decide which one of the expressions $\frac{-y^2dx-2xydy}{\sin^2(xy^2)}$, $\frac{y^2dx+2xydy}{\sin^2(xy^2)}$, $\frac{dx+dy}{\sin^2(xy^2)}$ is a total differential of the function $f(x,y)=\cot(xy^2)$. Justify your answer. *Credit:*
- **9.** Decide which one of the curves x + 7y 8 = 0, 7x y 6 = 0, x+y-2=0, x-y=0 is a tangent to the curve $x^2-2xy+y^2+5x-5y=0$ at the point [1, 1]. Justify your answer. *Credit:*
- 10. Find the stationary points of the function $f(x,y) = 2\ln(x-1) \ln(2-y) x y 3$ if they exist. Credit: